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EXCITING TIMES.

The People of Maine Becoming
 Excited Over the Actions
 at Augusta.

The Fusionists Openly Boast
 of 600 Men in Lewiston.

Who are Ready to Obey the Or-
 ders of Lamson.

The State Militia Divided on
 the Question of Authority.

The Fusionists Threaten to Ar-
 rest General Chamberlain.

The Question of Facts Submi-
 ted to the Supreme Court
 Yesterday.

The Republicans are Quietly
 Awaiting the Decision of
 that Tribunal.

While the Fusionists are Cau-
 sing for Concentrated Action.

General Grant's Welcome at St.
 Augustine, Florida.

A Proposition for a World's Fair
 in New York.

Increasing Distress Among the
 Poor People of Ireland.

The Eighth Annual Session of
 Dairymen at Elkhorn.

Other Interesting Items of News.

MAINE.

The People Becoming Terribly
 Excited Over the New Developments.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 14—Large numbers of
 people at Bath, Portland and Bangor be-
 came alarmed at the reported condition of
 affairs here, and were ready to start for
 Augusta, but before the trains left they
 were informed by telegraph that there was
 no particular necessity for their presence.
 As it was, many came to be on the ground
 to-morrow.

Assurances are given by those in com-
 mand at the State House that no alarm
 need be felt in regard to any defense
 necessary for the protection of the records and
 people.

The Fusionists are busy holding caucus-
 es to-night, and it is noted that the for-
 ward movement postponed to-day will be
 vigorously pressed to-morrow. It is re-
 ported that Attorney McChesney is pre-
 paring a warrant for the arrest of General
 Chamberlain. There is a police force of
 150 men at the State House to-night,
 and sentinels are placed outside the entrance. The report
 that this is all is not true. He was never
 better than at present. Several
 Fusionists refused to attend the caucus to-
 night. Fifty men, headed by Colonel
 Heath, came from Waterville to-night and
 proceeded to the State House, where they
 are quartered.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 14—The statement of
 facts now quoted was submitted to-day to
 the Maine State House by the Republi-
 can Legislature for a decision.

BOSTON, Jan. 14—The Herald special
 from Augusta says: "The Fusionists do not
 attempt to conceal the fact that to-day their
 cause has suffered a serious blow.
 The party showed signs of disintegration,
 and although some sanguine spirits think
 a new start can be made to-morrow,
 yet the prospect is anything but cheerful
 for them, and weaker minds are disposed
 to admit that the fight is lost. Correspond-
 ingly exultant are the Republicans. They
 declare that this is the beginning of the
 end, and feel sure of the victory."

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 14—The Journal has
 a special from Lewiston saying the ex-
 citement here to-night is intense. Fusionists
 openly boast they have 600 men in Lewiston
 ready to obey orders from Lamson.
 Over sixty Fusionists, every one reported
 heavily armed, left here to-day by circum-
 stances for Augusta. The Lewiston
 Light Infantry, one of two Irish compa-
 nies in the State, are reported willing to
 obey orders from Lamson, though Daniel
 McGillicuddy, the recently elected Cap-
 tain, has not received his commission.

The Auburn Infantry and Lewiston Ar-
 tillery would both obey orders from Cham-
 berlain if there should be a conflict of au-
 thority.

GENERAL GRANT.

A Cordial Welcome Extended by the
 of St. Augustine.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Jan. 14—General
 Grant and the entire party left Platts-
 burg this morning, and proceeded down the
 river to Toccoa, where they came by
 St. John's railway to St. Augustine. The
 reception here was most enthusiastic, and
 was participated in by a
 large crowd of people, both white
 and colored. The Commandant General
 Grant at the depot, and were introduced
 by a committee that had received Cham-
 berlain. As soon as the guest alighted
 Mayor Green made an address of wel-
 come, saying that the people of St. Augus-
 tine were glad to see in their midst the
 man who had received such honors all
 over the world. They greeted him with
 respect of party or race.

General Grant, who had been grati-
 fied for such a hearty welcome. Florida,
 though one of the oldest States, had been
 one of the last to be improved. Its future
 was bright, and from what he had seen of
 it he was convinced that it had resources
 to make it one of the most wealthy in the
 Union.

THE UTES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14—Secretary Schurz
 is doing nothing with the Ute Indians,
 which he has under guard at the hotel

THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 23

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1880.

NUMBER 264

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Third Annual Message of Gov-
 ernor William E. Smith.

Delivered to the Thirty-Third
 Annual Legislature of Wis-
 consin.

A Full and Comprehensive
 Statement of the Condition
 of State Affairs.

Together With the Needed Ap-
 propriations For the Fiscal
 Year of 1880.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Public Meeting in New York Favor-
 ing its Being Held in that City in
 1883.

New York, Jan. 14—A public meeting
 to promote the movement holding the
 World's Fair in this city in 1883 was held
 to-night in Chickering Hall. President
 Jewett, of the Erie Railroad, occupied the
 chair, and made an opening address in
 which he said the year 1883 was
 an appropriate one because
 that time 100 years ago England acknowl-
 edged by treaty that the American people
 were free and independent nation. He
 heard there was discord about the matter,
 and that two committees were in existence
 for the exposition, and he hoped this meet-
 ing to-night would unite them, and that
 there would be but one organization. The
 following gentlemen, among others, were
 selected as Vice Presidents: The Hon. Wm.
 M. Everts, Peter Cooper, Thurlow Weed,
 Benj. H. Bristol, Wm. H. Vanderbilt, J.
 Pierpont Morgan, Chester A. Arthur,
 Noah Davis, Charles G. Daly, James Gor-
 den Bennett, Oswald Ottendorfer, Robert
 Bonner and some fifty others.

BAYARD'S RESOLUTION.

Bayard's Legal Tender Bill Before
 the Finance Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14—The meeting
 of the Senate Finance Committee to-day
 showed the expected division on the ques-
 tion of Bayard's legal tender bill—Kernan,
 Wallace, and Morrill supporting the De-
 laware Senator, while Voorhees, Beck,
 Ferry, and Allison opposed. As Jones
 was absent, this left the committee a tie,
 and it was agreed that the subject should
 be reported to the Senate at once, virtually
 without any recommendation either way.
 Mr. Bayard will to-morrow ask for the
 fixing of a day for consideration of the
 subject, and discussion will soon be under-
 way.

HAYT MUST GO.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14—Ever since the
 meeting of the Board of Indian Commis-
 sioners last week, rumors have been in
 circulation here to the effect that there is
 soon to be a change in the Commissioner-
 ship of Indian Affairs. The accusations
 against Commissioner Hayt while they have
 attracted considerable attention, do not
 form the only basis of the rumors in cir-
 culation. The intense opposition to Mr.
 Hayt manifested by the representatives of
 various missionary societies did much to
 influence the Administration to suggest
 a proper person to be Mr. Hayt's successor.
 This report was confirmed to a consider-
 able extent by excellent authority, but has
 been denied by members of the Adminis-
 tration who are in high position.

THE DAIRYMEN.

ELKHORN, Jan. 14—The eighth annual
 meeting of the Wisconsin Dairymen's
 Association is in progress here, the
 absence of the President, Hon. Z. S. Sim-
 mons, Vice President Chester Hazen, pres-
 ent, Hon. W. W. Field, S. G. West-
 field, Hiram Smith, V. P. Hazen and
 others gave presentations. In the evening
 Prof. W. W. Daniels, of Madison, gave
 an address. W. D. Hoard also spoke.

POOR OF IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Jan. 14—A dispatch from Gal-
 way states that the distress among the
 unemployed poor is increasing, and that
 numbers of them are parading the streets
 crying, "We are starving." The situation
 among the poor people is constantly grow-
 ing worse. Hundreds of families are in
 great distress, and none of the means of
 relief thus far devised seem adequate to
 meet the necessities.

NARROW ESCAPE.

MADISON, Jan. 14—This evening a party
 embracing Marshal Parkinson and his sis-
 ter, Miss Mamie, children of Prof. J. B.
 Parkinson, of the State University, Miss
 Pettit, Miss Rose Fitch, and Willie Fitch,
 Madison, and Miss Trot of Racine, and a
 Mr. Oat of Madison, were ice boating on
 Lake Mendota. The boat ran into an
 opening left in the ice, and all met
 with a very narrow escape. Their calls
 for help were soon answered, and the
 young folks saved.

THE HAYDEN TRIAL.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 15—The argu-
 ments in the Hayden case commenced
 yesterday. Judge Harrison opened for the
 State, and occupied until 1:30 p. m. The
 opening argument for the defense was by
 Mr. Jones. The case will probably reach
 the jury by Friday.

LAMAR'S CONDITION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14—Senator Gordon
 has a telegram from General Singleton,
 dated Jackson, Miss., to-day saying: "Lam-
 ar is slightly paralyzed. He is better
 now. I am with him."

A Fair Offer.

The Voltaire Electric, Marshall,
 Michigan, will send their Celebrated Elec-
 tro-Voltaic Belt and other Appliances to
 the afflicted upon trial. A sure cure
 guaranteed for all diseases of a personal
 nature, Nervous and Debilitated systems
 resulting from unnatural causes. Also, for
 all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder,
 Femur, etc., and all other diseases.
 For full particulars, address as above.
 Jan8law3m

MADISON, Jan. 15—The two houses held
 a joint session in the Assembly chamber at
 12 o'clock to-day, when Governor William
 E. Smith delivered the following message:

Fellow-citizens of the Senate and Assembly:
 By the favor of Divine Providence you
 are permitted to convene in annual legisla-
 tive session at this time, under most favor-
 able circumstances. Although the people of
 Wisconsin suffered last year from the con-
 sequence of the recent protracted depression
 in business, in the prosecution of their
 public and private affairs, as the people of
 any State, and less than in most of the
 States, and except in rare instances were
 entirely unacquainted with actual privation
 or suffering, yet none the less it is true,
 that progress and development were materi-
 ally impeded and enterprise and enthu-
 siasm well nigh exhausted. The past year,
 however, has witnessed many auspicious
 changes. Everywhere reviving industry
 betokens returned prosperity; hope has
 supplanted doubt, and despondency given
 way to cheerfulness. Labor and capital are
 once more in substantial accord, and never
 was a new year heralded with more en-
 couraging promises.

It affords me much pleasure to be able
 to assure you that the affairs and condition
 of the State are equally satisfactory. It
 will appear from the various reports of
 officers and boards of the State, that the
 economy has been characteristic of public
 expenditures, and that efficiency has been
 manifest in all State departments, and in-
 stitutions. Despeaking for these reports,
 which are replete with valuable informa-
 tion, an early and careful perusal, I submit
 for your present consideration, in as brief
 space as possible, the more important
 particulars concerning the

PUBLIC FINANCES.

The receipts into the State Treasury
 during the fiscal year ending Sep-
 tember 30, 1879, from all sources, were
 \$1,212,681.90
 Balance from previous year, \$121,681.90
 Total, \$1,334,363.80
 The disbursements during the same
 period, for all purposes, were \$1,047,146.49
 Balance September 30, 1879, \$287,217.31
 Total, as before, \$1,334,363.80
 The amount on hand September 30, 1879,
 was credited to the several funds, as follows:

General fund, \$722,251.49
 School fund, \$188,934.34
 Normal school fund, \$29,425.29
 Drainage fund, \$5,472.75
 University fund, \$5,512.60
 Agricultural college fund, \$6,248.82
 Dependent fund, \$7,540.20
 St. Croix & Lake Superior R. R. tres-
 pass fund, \$174,741.71
 Post fund, \$7,564.00
 Redemption fund, \$90.32
 Alms fund, \$65.81
 Total, \$1,334,363.80

GENERAL FUND.

The receipts into the general fund
 during the fiscal year were \$1,212,681.90
 Balance from previous year, \$121,681.90
 Total, \$1,334,363.80

Of this sum there was derived from

Direct State tax, \$612,888.99
 Railroad companies, license tax, \$30,886.00
 Insurance companies, license and income
 tax, \$45,772.76
 Miscellaneous sources, \$145,229.81
 The disbursements from this fund have
 been, for

Interest on the public debt, \$157,560.00
 School fund, \$7,088.26
 High schools, \$21,910.00
 State University, \$41,210.00
 Salaries and other permanent appropria-
 tions, \$109,232.61
 Legislative expenses, \$34,291.61
 Benevolent and penal institutions, \$37,845.82
 Miscellaneous purposes, \$29,012.02
 Total, \$1,047,146.49

TRUST FUNDS.

The condition of the several educational
 trust funds, at the close of the fiscal year,
 was as follows:

School fund, at interest, \$2,675,555.10
 University fund, at interest, \$219,079.01
 Agricultural college fund, at interest, \$1,029,399.01
 Normal school fund, at interest, \$1,029,399.01
 Total at interest, \$4,933,428.12
 School fund, on hand, \$34,435.45
 University fund, on hand, \$5,512.60
 Agricultural college fund, on hand, \$6,248.82
 Normal school fund, on hand, \$29,425.29
 Total, on hand, \$70,622.16
 The increase, during the year, in the
 amount at interest, was \$67,895.46, and
 the decrease in the amount on hand, \$12,852.02
 —a net increase of \$55,043.44.

CONTINGENT FUND.

January 1, 1879, the balance to the credit
 of the Governor's contingent fund was
 \$381.91. The appropriation to that fund
 last year was \$1000.00, and the expendi-
 tures therefrom \$392.10, leaving a balance
 to the credit of that fund at the beginning
 of the calendar year of \$989.81.

INDEBTEDNESS.

The aggregate indebtedness of the State
 remains as at the close of the last fiscal year,
 and consists of

Warrants outstanding, \$11,000.00
 Certificate of indebtedness to trust
 funds, \$2,410,000.00
 Currency certificates, \$77.00
 Total, \$2,421,077.00

The indebtedness of the counties, cities,
 towns, villages and school districts in the
 State, amounts to \$10,115,898.19, according
 to the returns made to the Secretary of
 State. More than usual efforts have been
 made during the past year to secure accu-
 racy in these returns, and it is believed
 they are essentially correct. The total
 public indebtedness of the people of Wis-
 consin is, therefore, \$12,536,975.19, or at
 the rate of about eight and one-half dollars
 per capita of estimated population, and
 three and one-third per cent. of the assess-
 ed valuation.

ASSESSMENTS.
 The value of all property in the State
 subject to taxation, as returned by the

assessors for the past two years, are as fol-
 lows:

Personal property in 1878, \$96,077,288.60
 City and village lots in 1878, \$88,359,660.75
 Other real estate in 1878, \$255,863,904.57
 Total, \$420,300,853.92
 Personal property in 1879, \$88,127,040.00
 City and village lots in 1879, \$85,445,749.59
 Other real estate in 1879, \$252,642,408.91
 Total, \$426,215,198.50

This shows an apparent decrease in val-
 uation of \$49,073,397.32, and is an indica-
 tion of the zeal with which communities
 seek to avoid the payment of their just
 proportion of the public expenditures. It
 is evident that the value of taxable prop-
 erty in Wisconsin has not decreased since
 the assessment of 1873. Indeed, we all
 know that it has materially increased, and
 that the assessment ought to show it. It
 does not attribute the blame for these under-
 valuations solely to assessors. They can
 not be expected to do otherwise than re-
 flect the public sentiment. They are the
 agents and the servants of the people by
 whom they are elected. Nevertheless, it
 is much to be regretted that assessments
 cannot be obtained as the law requires,
 upon the basis of actual value, and thus show
 the real ratio of taxation.

The question, also, as to the policy or
 right of the State to exempt any, except
 public property from taxation, is being
 agitated in various sections of the State,
 and the tax-payers are justly entitled to
 making every class of property contribute
 equally to the support of the government
 which protects it, are worthy of your most
 considerate attention. I shall very
 cheerfully co-operate with you in any
 measure looking to the correction of the
 evils incident to the present system of
 assessment.

TAXES.

The total taxes levied in the State for
 the year 1879 amounted to \$7,909,850.00,
 which is \$61,700.00 less than the total
 taxes for the previous year, and was at the
 rate of \$1.33 on each one hundred dollars
 of the State assessment for that year.

The purposes for which these taxes were
 levied, the respective amounts and rates,
 are as follows:

State tax, \$6,615,599.00, rate, .165
 County tax, \$1,270,251.00, rate, .567
 Town tax, \$1,024,000.00, rate, .567
 School tax, \$1,024,000.00, rate, .567
 Total, \$9,933,850.00, rate, .567
 These figures, of course, represent only
 the direct taxes levied upon property.
 Quite large amounts were collected by the
 State, and cities, villages and towns; in
 addition thereto, by way of license and
 otherwise. What the total amount col-
 lected and disbursed by public bodies
 may have been, I am unable to state. The
 total State tax, direct and indirect, is re-
 presented by the payments into the general
 fund, and these amounted to \$1,120,837.81,
 in the fiscal year ending September 30,
 1879, and to \$1,249,339.02 in the fiscal year
 ending September 30, 1879. The increase
 during the last year is very satisfactorily
 accounted for in the excess of cash
 on hand at its close.

In my last annual message, referring to
 State tax then being collected, I said: "It
 is confidently expected that this tax 1879,
 and in addition, various other taxes, will
 do but entirely extinguish the deficien-
 cy in the general fund which has ap-
 peared on each first day of January for
 several years last past." It gives me much
 pleasure to inform you that this expecta-
 tion has been more than realized. Janu-
 ary 1, 1879, the general fund treasury
 showed a balance of \$145,406.49. The
 surplus or balance on hand belonging to
 this fund was \$145,406.49.
 The State tax now being collected is
 \$45,571.89, which is \$226,511.10 less than
 was appropriated for collection last year
 and more than twice as much as was ap-
 propriated for collection in the year 1878.
 I sincerely hope that this tax and the re-
 ceipts from other sources, with the amount
 now to the credit of the general fund, may
 be found ample for all the ordinary dis-
 bursements of the present year, and to that
 end invite your most rigid scrutiny of all
 bills appropriating money.

ESTIMATES.

The Secretary of State estimates the ex-
 penditures for the calendar year 1880, will
 be \$10,000,000, and the receipts under ex-
 isting laws, as follows:

Taxes, \$8,000,000.00
 Railway companies, \$500,000.00
 Insurance companies, \$500,000.00
 Miscellaneous sources, \$200,000.00
 Total, \$9,200,000.00

If your appropriation does not exceed the
 Secretary's estimates, a tax levy by the
 legislature of \$200,000.00 will be ample for
 all purposes.

It does not need, I think, that I should
 amplify the views heretofore expressed
 upon the subject of appropriations and
 public expenditures, and that I need not
 repeat without what is necessary. The
 people of Wisconsin are not stingy,
 nor do they expect their representatives to
 be niggardly in the management of public
 business. They realize that parsimony
 does not constitute economy, and therefore
 will approve wise expenditures and ac-
 count them profitable investments.

EDUCATION.

The report of the State Superintendent
 shows that the total amount of money ex-
 pended for the support of the common
 schools of the State for the past year, was
 \$1,152,785.15, seventy-four per cent. of
 which was for teachers' wages; that 293,
 486 pupils attended these schools, and
 received instructions from 9,875 teachers
 in 5,626 school houses. The estimated
 value of these school houses is \$4,319,415.
 Of the sites of which they are built, the
 cost was \$735,520.95, and of the apparatus they
 contain, \$157,012.30—an aggregate in-
 vestment for common school purposes of
 \$6,214,979.06. The total number of chil-
 dren over four and under twenty years of
 age, is reported at 494,353, with less than
 \$100 to the subject of education in the
 schools less than five months in the year.
 The expenditures for the four Normal
 Schools were \$74,708.07, of which \$57,493.
 49 was paid to instructors. The attend-
 ance during the year aggregated 1,893 dif-
 ferent pupils.

The catalogue of the State University
 shows that different students in condensed
 terms of state and county superintendents,
 for current expenses of which \$40,206.77
 were received by instructors.

These statistics are presented for your
 consideration, not by way of criticism or
 complaint, but with the hope that they
 will attract to the subject of education the
 attention which its importance demands.
 I believe our schools are improving from
 year to year, particularly the rural dis-
 trict schools, where the mass of our people
 receive their education, and that this
 improvement is due in large measure,
 primarily to the zealous and intelligent
 labors of state and county superintendents,
 and the enthusiastic co-operation of the
 professional teachers who have graduated
 from our Normal Schools and State Uni-
 versity, and the excellent colleges and
 other institutions of learning not in any
 way aided by the State. It is, therefore,
 a serious misapprehension to assume that
 the State is the only justification
 and reason for expending large sums of
 money necessary to equip and maintain
 our Normal Schools and University, are

to be found in the direct and primary
 results of their labors in furnishing the
 opportunity and means of education to
 the pupils in attendance. These results,
 though in and of themselves by no means
 important, are among the least of the
 benefits conferred by these institutions.
 Their full fruition is not seen without in-
 cluding the public schools, proper, and the
 good herein accomplished.

The ordinary income of the University
 is derived from the interest upon the Uni-
 versity and Agricultural College funds,
 amounting last year to \$30,344.23, and the
 proceeds of the one-tenth of a mill tax
 provided for in section 390 of the Revised
 Statutes, which was \$41,310.30. These
 sums appear to be adequate for all present
 necessities of the institution, and, if the
 present ratio of assessment is to continue,
 there is perhaps no necessity for any
 change in the law; but if it should be in-
 creased, as it ought to be to represent
 more nearly the actual value of taxable
 property, there would seem to be manifest
 propriety of changing the form of the ap-
 propriation from an indefinite sum, to a
 sum, such sum, be it more or less, as the
 legitimate needs of the University may re-
 quire.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

The whole number of boys in attendance
 at the Industrial School for Boys, in Wau-
 kesha, during the last fiscal year, was 435,
 and the average attendance 425. The
 number admitted was 125, against 151 last
 year, and the number discharged 113. The
 current expenses were \$42,996.72, or at the
 rate of \$100.95 per inmate, as against \$114.
 52 last year. The amount paid for salaries
 and wages was \$13,810.36, and for subsis-
 tence \$11,097.41. The sum of \$13,800.00
 has been paid towards the erection of new
 buildings.

The managers ask for an appropriation
 of \$30,000, in addition to surplus and the
 sum to be received from the counties, to meet
 the expenses of the current year.

Of the amounts heretofore appropriated
 for building purposes, there will remain,
 when the present buildings are completed
 and paid for, the sum of \$5,201.74, which
 the managers propose to expend in build-
 ing a hospital and ice house. They value
 the

**JANESVILLE
BUSINESS DIRECTORY**

H. H. BLANCHARD'S
**LAW COLLECTION, REAL ESTATE
AND LOAN OFFICE.**

W. M. SÄDLER,
 & Son's Clothing Store, Jacksonville, Wis. A
 business intrusted to his care will be promptly
 attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

HARNESSES, BLANKETS, ETC.

WM. SÄDLER,
 MAIN ST. - - - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE
 A Large Stock of Harness and Trunks
 on Hand at Bottom Prices.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. WM. SÄDLER,
 MAIN ST. - - - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE
 Manufacturer of - - - Ladies' Hair Nets
 and

The cheapest, best and most reliable Life Insurance Association in the west. They are also agents for *Delta* Life and 10 substantial Fire Insurance companies, and have farms in the country and elsewhere for exchange for city property.

FURNITURE.

M. HANSON & CO.

ON THE RACE, - - - - JAMESVILLE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Fine Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.

Down to hard pan prices. Upholstering done at

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
To Close up an Estate.

21 acres of fine Prairie Land, a good house 20x30, with kitchen and wood shed attached, barn, 16-24, a good well and cistern, fine shade trees, and some small fruit. The above mentioned premises are within five minutes' walk of Mill College. A splendid chance for those wishing educational advantages. This property will be sold at a very bargain if taken soon. For further information call on or address D. C. BERNICK, Administrator, de-lodaway
Millon, Wis.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE

[H A S]

Visited Janesville
EIGHTEEN YEARS.
H A S met with unparalleled success in the
treatment of all
Chronic Diseases
—O F T H E—
THROAT,

Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice. My practice is not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and observation. I do not profess to be able to make sick to make well; no harsh treatment, no trifling, no flattering. We know the cause and the remedy needed; no guess work, but knowledge gained by long and successful experience. The chronic diseases exclusively, no encouragement without a prospect. Candid in our opinions, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything, but are ready to be convinced by common and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate.

FOR SPERMATORRHOEA.
"SEMINAL PASTILLE"
 A Valuable Discovery
 and New Departure in Medical Science for the Cure of New and positively effective Remedy for the Venereal and Seminal Emission and Ejaculatory Disease, and Permanent Cure of Seminal Emission & Impotency by the true way, viz: Direct
 Trade Mark.
 Dr. J. B. BIERCH & COMPANY, PASTILLES
 Impelster of the Disease, acting upon the system, and the secretory Glands, viz: the Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra.
 The Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, and is quickly and positively effective, and produces an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous system, and stops the drain from the system, restores

a new box, enough to last a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail, would for \$3.25 two boxes, sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases \$5.—Three or four leading three full columns with the following and more vigor, in the worst cases, \$7.—Full Directions for the use of the Remedy, and a copy of the following, sent for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that such a cure can be restored to perfect health, and fitted for the duties of life, same as it never suffered, and for the structure of the body, SOLD ONLY by the
JARRIS REMEDY CO. MFG. CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.
Market and 8th. Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO
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the past eight years throughout ROCK and
 and
 E. W. BEEBE, M. D.,
 y2d-46w1y Evansville, Wis.
 STATE OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUIT
 COURT, FOR ROCK COUNTY.—E.
 the testament of Polly Goodrich, deceased, plain-
 ve, Mary L. Burrus and A. P. Burrus, her
 land, Peter Myers, A. L. Thompson, W. G.
 the good-year Dental Vulcain Company,
 oland Beach, Henry B. Goodyear, adminis-
 of the estate of Nelson Goodyear, deceased,
 and A. Thompson, as defendants, the
 State of Wisconsin to the said Defendant,
 each of them:
 are hereby summoned to appear within
